Atomic Displacement Parameters and Specific Heat of *p*-Dichlorobenzene Polymorphs between 10 and 230 K

<u>Thammarat Aree</u>^a, Marc Hostettler^a, Karl W. Törnroos^b, Dmitry Chernyshov^{a,c}, Hans-Beat Bürgi^a, ^aLaboratory of Crystallography, University of Berne, Switzerland. ^bDepartment of Chemistry, University of Bergen, Norway. ^cPetersburg Nuclear Physics Institute, Russia. E-mail: thammarat.aree@krist.unibe.ch

Synchrotron data for the α - and β -polymorphs of *p*-dichlorobenzene (*p*-DCB) between 10 and 230 K were collected to 0.5 Å resolution at the ESRF and refined with a multipole model in order to deconvolute thermal motion from valence bonding density. Sealed tube data of the γ -polymorph were collected between 100 and 180 K to 0.7 Å resolution and refined with a spherical atom model. The multi-temperature atomic displacement parameters (ADPs) were analyzed in terms of libration and translation frequencies [1]. From the six external vibration frequencies and the intramolecular vibration frequencies from high-level DFT calculations heat capacities C_v were calculated with molecular Einstein and Debye models and found to be in fair agreement with C_p from calorimetric measurements [2].

 Bürgi H.-B., Capelli S.C., Birkedal H., Acta Cryst., 2000, A56, 425. [2]
Dworkin A., Figuière P., Ghelfenstein M., Szwarc H., J. Chem. Thermodyn. 1976, 8, 835.

Keywords: atomic displacement parameters, specific heat, polymorphs