## A Non-symmetric Disordered Tetramer: The Unusual Structure of 3(5)-ethyl-5(3)-phenyl-1*H*-pyrazole in the Solid State

Rosa M. Claramunt<sup>a</sup>, Pilar Cornago<sup>a</sup>, M. Dolores Santa María<sup>a</sup>, Verónica Torres<sup>a</sup>, Elena Pinilla<sup>b</sup>, M. Rosario Torres<sup>b</sup>, José Elguero<sup>c</sup>, <sup>a</sup>Departamento de Química Orgánica y Bio-Orgánica, Facultad de Ciencias, UNED, Madrid. <sup>b</sup>Química Inorgánica I, Facultad de Ciencias Químicas Universidad Complutense de Madrid. <sup>c</sup>Instituto de Química Médica (CSIC), Madrid, Spain. E-mail: rclaramunt@ccia.uned.es

In a systematic exploration of 3,5-disubstituted pyrazoles for crystal engineering purposes, we prepared the still unknown 3(5)-ethyl-5(3)-phenyl-1*H*-pyrazole **1**.<sup>1</sup> Its X-ray structure has been determined: it is a hydrogen-bonded tetramer of a new type formed by three tautomers 5-ethyl-3-phenyl-1*H*-pyrazoles of class **a**, and one tautomer 3-ethyl-5-phenyl-1*H*-pyrazole of class **b**.



The 3(5)-ethyl-5(3)-phenyl-1*H*-pyrazole tetramer.

The NH protons are disordered even at low temperature, so there are two questions that could be asked: Is the disorder static or dynamic (SSPT)? What are the proportions of both tetramers **1a1a1a1b/1b1b1b1a** (either static mixture or dynamic equilibrium)? We have tried to answer these questions by a combination of DFT calculations, analysis of the X-ray geometries and <sup>13</sup>C and <sup>15</sup>N CPMAS NMR. For this last purpose, the [<sup>15</sup>N<sub>2</sub>]-labelled derivative of **1** was prepared.

[1] Torres V., Cornago P., Claramunt R. M., Loshkin V., Samat A., Pinilla E., Torres M. R., in progress: 3(5)-ethyl-5(3)-phenyl-1H-pyrazole 1, yellow-reddish solid of m.p. 80.1 °C.

Keywords: hydrogen bonding, pyrazoles, supramolecular architectures