## Array Crystallisation for Functionalised Organics using Different Variables

<u>Samantha Callear</u>, Suzanna Ward, Mike Hursthouse, *Department of Chemistry*, *University of Southampton*, *UK*.. E-mail: skc101@soton.ac.uk

We are currently exploring the crystallisation screening of functionalised organic compounds using an array reactor with solvent ( x 4) and temperature ( x 12) capability. Via this method we have prepared several crystals of 2,4-diamino-6-hydroxypyrimidine from water and methanol. Single crystal characterisation of the products has so far identified a pure form (monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$ , a=7.688Å, b=9.723Å, c=7.419Å,  $\beta=114.34^\circ$ ) plus two polymorphic mono hydrates (triclinic, P-1, a=3.928Å, b=8.660Å, c=9.596Å,  $\alpha=83.23^\circ$ ,  $\beta=88.15^\circ$ ,  $\gamma=81.55^\circ$ , and monoclinic, C2/c, a=17.1571Å, b=3.995Å, c=18.682Å,  $\beta=104.43^\circ$ ). The latter are both additional to one form previously described [1] on the Cambridge Structural Database (CSD) [2] (orthorhombic, Pbca, a=16.721Å, b=4.242Å, c=18.293Å). Further work is in progress in this system and others; the results will be described in this poster.

[1] Skoweranda J., Bukowska-Strzyzewska M., Bartnik R., Strzyzewski W., J. Crystallogr. Spectrosc. Res., 1990, 20, (2), 117-121. [2] Allen F. H., Acta Crystallogr. Sect. B, 2002, 58, 380-388.

Keywords: polymorphism, crystallisation, screening