Crystal Structure of Trimethyltin hydroxide, (CH₃)₃SnOH

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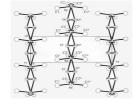
It has been reported that (CH₃)₃SnOH has many incommensurate structures in crystalline state. So far, the precise structure analysis has not been reported. Only one X-ray crystal structure analysis without three dimensional coordinates available has been reported. [1]

We took a X-ray structure analysis of title compound to get a information of incommensurateness using a Rigaku RAXIS-RAPID Imaging Plate diffractometer with graphite Mo-K α radiation.

As this compound is very unstable in air, crystal was sealed in a capillary under nitrogen atmosphere in a glove box.

Crystal data of (CH₃)₃SnOH: Orthorhombic, $Pmn2_1$, a = 11,207(1) Å, b = 4.171(1) Å, c = 6.652(1) Å, V = 310.9(1) Å 3 , Z = 2, R = 0.140.

The obtained crystal structure is shown in figure. This complex has an infinite chain structure throughthe bridging trimethyltin groups by hydroxide groups along the b axis. The co-ordination of each tin atom is approximate trigonal bipyramidal with two hydroxide groups and three methyl groups essentially. Due



to the mirror symmetry perpendicular to the a axis passing through the tin atom, this complex takes the disordered structure consequently.

[1] Kasai N., et al., J. Organometal. Chem., 1965, 3, 172.

Keywords: tin, hydroxide, disorder