Structure Transformations in the Saturated Hydrides ZrV₂H_{4<x<6} <u>Alexandra N. Bogdanova</u>^a, A.V. Irodova^a, G. André^b, F. Bourée^b, ^aRussian Research Centre "Kurchatov Institute", Moscow, Russia. ^bLaboratoire Léon Brillouin, CEA/Saclay, Gif sur Yvette, France. Email: ban@isssph.kiae.ru

We have studied, by means of neutron powder diffraction, the structure transformations caused by hydrogen redistributions in the Laves saturated hydrides ZrV_2H_x , 4<x<6. In the range of 4<x<5, the uncommon order-disorder phase transition has been found [1]. Unlike the known transitions in the unsaturated hydrides, x<4, it results in change of hydrogen surroundings when hydrogen ordering. As a result, the novel hydrogen superstructure ZrV₂H₅, with the atypical hydrogen surroundings, forms [2]. At maximum hydrogen saturation, near x=6, whatever phase transitions are eliminated. The maximum hydride ZrV₂H₆ exists only as ordered, and any attempt to disarrange the hydrogen results in hydrogen discharge down to x=5. The crystal structure of ZrV_2H_6 has been determined [3]. It is advance of the Spinel-type structure found earlier in the saturated hydrides ZrTi₂H₄ and HfTi2H4. The work was partly supported by the Russian Foundation for Basic Research and Russian State Program HIII-2037.2003.2.

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