

## **Solid State Synthesis and Characterization of Some Novel Sodium Rare Earth Phosphates**

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Recently, much attention has been paid to the rare earth phosphates because of their potential applications for optical materials, including laser, phosphors, and more recently, anti-UV materials [1]. MOPO<sub>4</sub> type materials possess properties that make them potentially useful for catalytic, electronic and ion exchange applications[2].

In this work, Ln<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> (where Ln= La, Nd, Sm, Eu, Gd, Dy, Ho, Er, Yb) were used as a rare earth source, NH<sub>4</sub>H<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> was used as a phosphate source and Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> was used as a sodium source to obtain sodium rare earth oxyphosphates. Reactants were heated at 1100 °C for 20 hours. X-ray diffraction patterns, IR and Raman analysis, SEM pictures and EDX analysis were taken for characterization. According to these results, structures of these products were compared with previous ones[2-3].

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