Structural Variation of 1:1 Adducts of Lead(II) Chloride and Bromide with N,N'-Dimethylethylenediamine from 123K to 303K Hiroshi Miyamae, Masato Takagi, Ritsuko Tanaka, Shouhei Okubo, Goro Hihara, Department of Chemistry, Josai University, Saitama 350-0295, Japan. E-mail: miya@josa.ac.jp

It has been reported that *N*-methyl substituted ethylenediamines form 1:1 adducts with lead(II) halides [1]. Among them N,N'-di-

methylethylenediamine with PbX_2 (X=Cl, Br or I) crystallizes in the tetragonal system forming 4_1 spirals with two bridging halides. We examined which part contributes mostly to volume contraction upon cooling, comparing the different halides [2].

All cells undergo contraction predominantly along the c axis, which is connected to lower order bonds of the halogen bridge, while the bonds within the chelate do not contribute to the cell contraction.



Fig. 1. Crystal packing viewed along a.

[1] Miyamae H., Hatanaka Y., Iijima Y., Hihara G., Nagata M., *AsCA Program Abstracts*, 1992, **16S**, 44. [2] Miyamae H., Enomoto K., Maruyama Y., Hihara G., *AsCA'03/Crystal*, 2003, **23**, 154.

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